# SAFETY DATA SHEET



# Jotamastic SF Comp B

# SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/ undertaking

1.1 Product identifier	
Product name	: Jotamastic SF Comp B
Product code	: 8660
Product description	: Hardener.
Product type	: Liquid.
Other means of identification	: Not available.

#### 1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Use in coatings - Industrial use Use in coatings - Professional use

#### 1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Jotun A/S P.O.Box 2021 3202 Sandefjord	Jotun Paints (Europe) Ltd. Stather Road Flixborough, Scunthorpe
Norway	North Lincolnshire
Tel: + 47 33 45 70 00	DN15 8RR
Fax: +47 33 45 72 42	England
E-mail: SDSJotun@jotun.no	
	Tel: +44 17 24 40 00 00
	Fax: +44 17 24 40 01 00
1.4 Emergency telephone n	umber
National advisory body/Po	ison Centre
Telephone number	: Contact NHS Direct; phone 0845 4647 or 111. Open 24/7.

# <u>Supplier</u>

**Telephone number** 

: +47 33 45 70 00 Jotun Norway (head office)

# **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

### 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Product definition : Mixture

# Classification according to UK CLP/GHS

Acute Tox. 4, H302 Skin Corr. 1B, H314 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Skin Sens. 1, H317 STOT RE 2, H373 Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 1, H410

The product is classified as hazardous according to UK CLP Regulation SI 2019/720 as amended.

See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.

See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

# 2.2 Label elements

# **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

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Hazard pictograms	:	
Signal word		Danger.
Hazard statements		<ul> <li>H302 - Harmful if swallowed.</li> <li>H314 - Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.</li> <li>H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction.</li> <li>H373 - May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.</li> <li>H410 - Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.</li> </ul>
Precautionary statements		
General	:	Not applicable.
Prevention	:	<ul> <li>P280 - Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection.</li> <li>P273 - Avoid release to the environment.</li> <li>P260 - Do not breathe vapour or spray.</li> <li>P270 - Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.</li> </ul>
Response	:	<ul> <li>P391 - Collect spillage.</li> <li>P304 + P310 - IF INHALED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor.</li> <li>P301 + P310, P330, P331 - IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON</li> <li>CENTER or doctor. Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting.</li> <li>P303 + P361 + P353, P310 - IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor.</li> <li>P363 - Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.</li> <li>P302 + P352 - IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water.</li> <li>P333 + P313 - If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice or attention.</li> <li>P305 + P351 + P338, P310 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor.</li> </ul>
Storage	:	Not applicable.
Disposal		P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
Supplemental label elements	:	Not applicable.
Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles	:	Not applicable.
Special packaging requirem	ner	<u>its</u>
Containers to be fitted with child-resistant fastenings	:	Not applicable.
Tactile warning of danger	:	Not applicable.
2.3 Other hazards		
Product meets the criteria for PBT or vPvB according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII	:	This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.
Other hazards which do not result in classification	:	None known.

# **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

% Classification Ty
75 Acute Tox. 4, H302 [1] Skin Corr. 1B, H314 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Skin Sens. 1, H317 STOT RE 2, H373 (heart) Aquatic Acute 1, H400 (M=1) Aquatic Chronic 1, H410 (M=1)
25 Acute Tox. 3, H301 [1] Skin Corr. 1C, H314 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Skin Sens. 1, H317 STOT RE 2, H373 (kidneys) (oral) Aquatic Chronic 3, H412
25 Acute Tox. 4, H302 [1] Acute Tox. 4, H332 Eye Irrit. 2, H319
Acute Tox. 4, H302 [1] Skin Corr. 1B, H314 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Skin Sens. 1B, H317 STOT RE 2, H373 (liver)
Acute Tox. 4, H302 [1] Eye Dam. 1, H318 Repr. 2, H361d See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment, are PBTs, vPvBs or Substances of equivalent concern, or have been assigned a workplace exposure limit and hence require reporting in this section.

<u>Type</u>

[1] Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

# SECTION 4: First aid measures

# 4.1 Description of first aid measures

Eye contact	: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician.
Inhalation	: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie,
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SEC	TION	4: F	First	aid	measures

		belt or waistband. In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.
Skin contact	:	Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash with plenty of soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. In the event of any complaints or symptoms, avoid further exposure. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.
Ingestion	:	Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
Protection of first-aiders	:	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

### 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

#### **Over-exposure signs/symptoms**

Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain watering redness
Inhalation	: No specific data.
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation redness blistering may occur
Ingestion	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: stomach pains

#### 4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes to physician	: In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.
Specific treatments	: No specific treatment.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

# **SECTION 5: Firefighting measures**

5.1 Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Recommended: alcohol-resistant foam, CO <sub>2</sub> , powders, water spray.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use water jet.

# 5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

# **SECTION 5: Firefighting measures**

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Hazards from the substance or mixture	In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst. This material is very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.	-
Hazardous combustion products	Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide nitrogen oxides	
5.3 Advice for firefighters		
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incide there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.	ent if
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.	:

# **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

6.1 Personal precautions, pro	te	ctive equipment and emergency procedures
For non-emergency personnel	:	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Do not breathe vapour or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders	:	If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
6.2 Environmental precautions	:	Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities. Collect spillage.
6.3 Methods and material for	со	ntainment and cleaning up
Small spill	:	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill	:	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilt product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.
6.4 Reference to other sections	:	See Section 1 for emergency contact information. See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment. See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.

# SECTION 7: Handling and storage

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

### 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures	Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapour or mist. Do not ingest. Avoid release to the environment. If during normal use the material presents a respiratory hazard, use only with adequate ventilation or wear appropriate respirator. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

## 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

### **Seveso Directive - Reporting thresholds**

#### Danger criteria **Notification and MAPP** Safety report threshold Category threshold E1 100 tonne 200 tonne

See Technical Data Sheet / packaging for further information.

### 7.3 Specific end use(s)

**Recommendations** Industrial sector specific

- : Not available.
- : Not available.

solutions

# SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

### 8.1 Control parameters

### **Occupational exposure limits**

No exposure limit value known.

#### **Biological exposure indices**

No exposure indices known.

**Recommended monitoring** : Reference should be made to appropriate monitoring standards. Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous procedures substances will also be required.

## **DNELs/DMELs**

# SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

Product/ingredient name	Туре	Exposure	Value	Population	Effects
penzenedimethanamine, n-	DNEL	Long term	0.002 mg/	General	Local
2-phenylethyl) derivs.		Inhalation	m <sup>3</sup>	population	
	DNEL	Long term	0.004 mg/	Workers	Local
		Inhalation	m <sup>3</sup>	O an an al	Current and
	DNEL	Long term Oral	0.03 mg/	General	Systemic
			kg bw/day	population	Curtant
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	0.03 mg/	General	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term	kg bw/day 0.04 mg/m³	population General	Systemic
		Inhalation	5.5 <del>4</del> mg/m	population	Cysternic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	0.05 mg/	Workers	Systemic
		_ong tonn Donnal	kg bw/day		
	DNEL	Long term	$0.18 \text{ mg/m}^3$	Workers	Systemic
		Inhalation			
formaldehyde, polymer with	DNEL	Long term	0.2 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Systemic
benzenamine, hydrogenated		Inhalation	-		
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	2 mg/kg	Workers	Systemic
			bw/day		
	DNEL	Short term	2 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic
		Inhalation	C		Curtani
	DNEL	Short term Dermal	6 mg/kg	Workers	Systemic
benzyl alcohol	DNEL	Long term Oral	bw/day 4 mg/kg	General	Systemic
	DINEL	Long term Oral	4 mg/kg bw/day	population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	4 mg/kg	General	Systemic
		Long torm Dormal	bw/day	population	
	DNEL	Long term	5.4 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	General	Systemic
		Inhalation	<b>U</b> ,	population	, . <u>.</u>
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	8 mg/kg	Workers	Systemic
			bw/day		
	DNEL	Short term Oral	20 mg/kg	General	Systemic
			bw/day	population	
	DNEL	Short term Dermal	20 mg/kg	General	Systemic
			bw/day	population	Curterest
	DNEL	Long term	22 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Inhalation Short term	27 mg/m³	General	Systemic
	DINEL	Inhalation	∠r mg/m⁻	population	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Dermal	40 mg/kg	Workers	Systemic
			bw/day		
	DNEL	Short term	110 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Systemic
		Inhalation			,
cyclohexanamine, 4,4'-methylenebis-	DNEL	Short term Dermal	0.63 mg/	Workers	Systemic
-			kg bw/day		
	DNEL	Short term	1.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Systemic
		Inhalation			
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	0.21 mg/	Workers	Systemic
	האיבי	Long torm	kg bw/day	Morkers	Sustamia
	DNEL	Long term	0.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Inhalation Long term Dermal	0.125 mg/	Workers	Systemic
	DINEL	Long term Definal	kg bw/day	VV UINCIS	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Oral	0.125 mg/	General	Systemic
			kg bw/day	population	_ ,
			J	[Consumers]	
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	0.053 mg/	Workers	Systemic
			kg bw/day		
	DNEL	Long term	0.13 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Systemic
		Inhalation			
salicylic acid	DNEL	Long term Dermal	2.3 mg/kg	Workers	Systemic
			bw/day		
	DNEL	Long term Oral	1 mg/kg	General	Systemic

# **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

Section 6. Exposure controls/personal protection								
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	bw/day 1 mg/kg bw/day	population General population	Systemic			
	DNEL	Short term Oral	4 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic			
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	4 mg/m³	General population	Systemic			
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	5 mg/m³	Workers	Local			
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	5 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic			

### PNECs

Product/ingredient name	Compartment Detail	Value	Method Detail
penzyl alcohol	Fresh water	1 mg/l	-
	Marine	0.1 mg/l	-
	Sewage Treatment	39 mg/l	-
	Plant		
	Fresh water sediment	5.27 mg/kg dwt	-
	Marine water sediment	0.527 mg/kg dwt	-
	Soil	0.456 mg/kg dwt	-
cyclohexanamine, 4,4'-methylenebis-	Fresh water	0.008 mg/l	-
	Marine	0.0008 mg/l	-
	Sewage Treatment	80 mg/l	-
	Plant		
	Fresh water sediment	0.39 mg/kg dwt	-
	Marine water sediment	0.039 mg/kg dwt	-
	Soil	0.072 mg/kg dwt	-

#### 8.2 Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls : If user operations generate dust, fumes, gas, vapour or mist, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits.

#### Individual protection measures

Hygiene measures	: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
Eye/face protection	: Safety eyewear complying to ISO 16321-1:2022 should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles and/or face shield. If inhalation hazards exist, a full-face respirator may be required instead.

# Skin protection

#### Hand protection

There is no one glove material or combination of materials that will give unlimited resistance to any individual or combination of chemicals.

The breakthrough time must be greater than the end use time of the product.

The instructions and information provided by the glove manufacturer on use, storage, maintenance and replacement must be followed.

Gloves should be replaced regularly and if there is any sign of damage to the glove material.

Always ensure that gloves are free from defects and that they are stored and used correctly.

The performance or effectiveness of the glove may be reduced by physical/chemical damage and poor maintenance.

Barrier creams may help to protect the exposed areas of the skin but should not be applied once exposure has occurred.

#### Gloves

# **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

Wear suitable gloves tested to ISO 374-1:2016.

Recommended, gloves(breakthrough time) > 8 hours: Viton® (> 0.7 mm), 4H/Silver Shield® (> 0.07 mm), neoprene (> 0.35 mm)

May be used, gloves(breakthrough time) 4 - 8 hours: butyl rubber (> 0.4 mm), nitrile rubber (> 0.75 mm), PVC (> 0.5 mm)

For right choice of glove materials, with focus on chemical resistance and time of penetration, seek advice by the supplier of chemical resistant gloves.

The user must check that the final choice of type of glove selected for handling this product is the most appropriate and takes into account the particular conditions of use, as included in the user's risk assessment.

Body protection	: Use chemical-resistant protective suit / disposable overall.
	Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Other skin protection	: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Respiratory protection	: If workers are exposed to concentrations above the exposure limit, they must use a respirator according to EN 140. Use respiratory mask with charcoal and dust filter when spraying this product, according to EN 14387 (as filter combination A2-P2). In confined spaces, use compressed-air or fresh-air respiratory equipment. When use of roller or brush, consider use of charcoalfilter.
Environmental exposure controls	: Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses.

# **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

# 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

9.1 mormation on basic physic	ind chemical properties
<u>Appearance</u>	
Physical state	Liquid.
Colour	Colourless.
Odour	Characteristic.
Odour threshold	Not applicable.
Melting point/freezing point	Not applicable.
Initial boiling point and boiling range	Lowest known value: 205.3°C (401.5°F) (benzyl alcohol). Weighted average: 227.96°C (442.3°F)
Flammability	Not applicable.
Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits	1.3 - 13%
Flash point	Closed cup: 95°C (203°F)
Auto-ignition temperature	Lowest known value: 300°C (572°F) (cyclohexanamine, 4,4'-methylenebis-).
Decomposition temperature	Not available.
рН	Not applicable.
Viscosity	Kinematic (40°C): >20.5 mm²/s
Solubility(ies)	
Media	Result
old water hot water	Not soluble Not soluble

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/ water	1	Not available.
Vapour pressure	:	Highest known value: 0.007 kPa (0.05 mm Hg) (at 20°C) (benzyl alcohol). Weighted average: 0.003 kPa (0.02 mm Hg) (at 20°C)
Evaporation rate	:	0.007 (benzyl alcohol) compared with butyl acetate

# **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

Density	: 1.047 g/cm <sup>3</sup>
Vapour density	: Highest known value: 3.7 (Air = 1) (benzyl alcohol).
Explosive properties	: Not available.
Oxidising properties	: Not available.
Particle characteristics	
Median particle size	: Not applicable.

## 9.2 Other information

No additional information.

# SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

	-	
10.1 Reactivity	:	No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
10.2 Chemical stability	:	Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions (see Section 7).
10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions	1	Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
10.4 Conditions to avoid	:	When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products.
10.5 Incompatible materials	1	Keep away from the following materials to prevent strong exothermic reactions: oxidising agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.
10.6 Hazardous decomposition products	:	Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, smoke, oxides of nitrogen.

# **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

## 11.1 Information on toxicological effects

### Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
Formaldehyde, polymer with benzenamine, hydrogenated	LD50 Oral	Rat	300 mg/kg	-
benzyl alcohol	LD50 Oral	Rat	1230 mg/kg	-

# Acute toxicity estimates

Product/ingredient name	Oral (mg/ kg)	Dermal (mg/kg)	Inhalation (gases) (ppm)	Inhalation (vapours) (mg/l)	Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/l)
	646.4	N/A	N/A	47.8	N/A
benzenedimethanamine, n-(2-phenylethyl) derivs.	1000	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
formaldehyde, polymer with benzenamine, hydrogenated	300	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
benzyl alcohol	1230	N/A	N/A	11	N/A
cyclohexanamine, 4,4'-methylenebis-	500	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
salicylic acid	500	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

### Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
benzyl alcohol	Eyes - Mild irritant	Mammal - species unspecified	-	-	-
cyclohexanamine, 4,4'- methylenebis-	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 10 microliters	-
salicylic acid	Eyes - Mild irritant	Mammal - species unspecified	-	-	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Mammal - species unspecified	-	-	-

# **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

# **Sensitisation**

Product/ingredient name	Route of exposure	Species	Result
Penzenedimethanamine, n- (2-phenylethyl) derivs.	skin	Mammal - species unspecified	Sensitising
cyclohexanamine, 4,4'- methylenebis-	skin	Mammal - species unspecified	Sensitising

# **Mutagenicity**

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

#### **Carcinogenicity**

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

## **Reproductive toxicity**

Product/ingredient name	Maternal toxicity	Fertility	Developmental toxin	Species	Dose	Exposure
salicylic acid	-	-	Positive		Oral: 150 mg/kg	-

**Developmental effects** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

# Fertility effects Teratogenicity

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
benzenedimethanamine, n-(2-phenylethyl) derivs.	Category 2	-	heart
formaldehyde, polymer with benzenamine, hydrogenated	Category 2	oral	kidneys
cyclohexanamine, 4,4'-methylenebis-	Category 2	-	liver

### Aspiration hazard

Not available.

### Potential acute health effects

Eye contact	: Causes serious eye damage.
Inhalation	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Skin contact	: Causes severe burns. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Ingestion	: Harmful if swallowed.
Symptoms related to the ph	ysical, chemical and toxicological characteristics
Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain watering redness
Inhalation	: No specific data.
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation redness blistering may occur
Ingestion	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: stomach pains
General	<ul> <li>May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels.</li> </ul>
Other information	: None identified.
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# **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

### 12.1 Toxicity

There are no data available on the mixture itself. Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses.

The mixture has been assessed following the summation method of the CLP Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 and is classified for eco-toxicological properties accordingly. See Sections 2 and 3 for details.

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
cyclohexanamine, 4,4'- methylenebis-	Acute EC50 6.84 mg/l	Daphnia	48 hours
	Acute IC50 140 mg/l	Algae	72 hours
	Acute LC50 46 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
salicylic acid	Acute LC50 32 µg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Water flea - Daphnia magna - Neonate	48 hours
	Chronic NOEC 1 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Water flea - Daphnia Iongispina - Neonate	21 days

**Conclusion/Summary** : This material is very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

## 12.2 Persistence and degradability

#### **Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.

Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
benzyl alcohol cyclohexanamine, 4,4'-	-	-	Readily Not readily
methylenebis-			literioudity

### 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
formaldehyde, polymer with benzenamine, hydrogenated		209 to 219	low
benzyl alcohol cyclohexanamine, 4,4'- methylenebis-	0.87 2.03	<100 -	low low
salicylic acid	2.21 to 2.26	-	low

12.4 Mobility in soil	
Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)	: Not available.
Mobility	: Not available.

### 12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.

12.6 Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

# **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

### 13.1 Waste treatment methods

**Product** 

SECTION 13: Dispo	osal considerations		
Methods of disposal	: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation a any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authoriti with jurisdiction.		
Hazardous waste	: Yes.		
Waste catalogue			
Waste code	Waste designation		
08 01 11*	Waste paint and varnish containing organic solvents or other dangerous substances		
Packaging	•		
Methods of disposal	<ul> <li>The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.</li> </ul>		
Type of packaging	Waste catalogue		
CEPE Guidelines	15 01 10*packaging containing residues of or contaminated by hazardous substances		
Special precautions	: This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.		

# **SECTION 14: Transport information**

	ADR/RID	ADN	IMDG	IATA
14.1 UN number	UN2735	UN2735	UN2735	UN2735
14.2 UN proper shipping name	Polyamines, liquid, corrosive, n.o.s. (benzenedimethanamine, n-(2-phenylethyl) derivs., cyclohexanamine, 4,4'- methylenebis-)	Polyamines, liquid, corrosive, n.o.s. (benzenedimethanamine, n-(2-phenylethyl) derivs., cyclohexanamine, 4,4'- methylenebis-)	Polyamines, liquid, corrosive, n.o.s. (benzenedimethanamine, n-(2-phenylethyl) derivs., cyclohexanamine, 4,4'- methylenebis-). Marine pollutant (benzenedimethanamine, n-(2-phenylethyl) derivs.)	Polyamines, liquid, corrosive, n.o.s. (benzenedimethanamine n-(2-phenylethyl) derivs., cyclohexanamine, 4,4 methylenebis-)
14.3 Transport hazard class(es)	8	8	8	8
14.4 Packing group	11	11	11	11
14.5 Environmental hazards	Yes.	Yes.	Yes.	Yes. The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required.

ADR/RID

: The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg.

#### Hazard identification number 80 Tunnel code (E)

SECTION 14: Transp	ort information
ADN	: The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg.
IMDG	: The marine pollutant mark is not required when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg <u>Emergency schedules</u> F-A, S-B <u>IMDG Code Segregation group</u> SGG18 - Alkalis
	Segregation Group: 18 - Alkalis
ΙΑΤΑ	: The environmentally hazardous substance mark may appear if required by other transportation regulations.
14.6 Special precautions for user	: <b>Transport within user's premises:</b> always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.
14.7 Transport in bulk according to IMO instruments	: Not available.

# **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

# UK (GB)/REACH

Annex XIV - List of substances subject to authorisation

### Annex XIV

None of the components are listed.

### Substances of very high concern

None of the components are listed.

#### **Ozone depleting substances**

Not listed.

#### **Prior Informed Consent (PIC)**

Not listed.

#### Persistent Organic Pollutants Not listed.

#### Annex XVII - Restrictions : Not applicable. on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles

#### Seveso Directive

This product is controlled under the Seveso Directive.

# Danger criteria

Category					
E1					
EU regulations					
Industrial emissions (integrated pollution prevention and control) - Air	: Not listed				
Industrial emissions (integrated pollution prevention and control) - Water	: Not listed				
ate of issue/Date of revision	: 05.04.2024	Date of previous issue	: 21.04.2023	Version : 1.04	14/16

# **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

# International regulations

Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals

Not listed.

# Montreal Protocol

Not listed.

# Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

# Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC)

Not listed.

## **UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals**

Not listed.

15.2 Chemical safety assessment

: This product contains substances for which Chemical Safety Assessments are still required.

# **SECTION 16: Other information**

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Abbreviations and acronyms	<ul> <li>ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate GB CLP = UK CLP (EC No 1272/2008) on the Classification, Labelling and Packaging of Substances and Mixtures as amended by (EU Exit) Regulations 2019 No. 720 and amendments DMEL = Derived Minimal Effect Level DNEL = Derived No Effect Level EUH statement = GB CLP-specific Hazard statement N/A = Not available PBT = Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentration RRN = REACH Registration Number SGC = Segregation Group</li> </ul>
	SGG = Segregation Group vPvB = Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

Procedure used to derive the classification

Classification	Justification
Acute Tox. 4, H302	Calculation method
Skin Corr. 1B, H314	Calculation method
Eye Dam. 1, H318	Calculation method
Skin Sens. 1, H317	Calculation method
STOT RE 2, H373	Calculation method
Aquatic Acute 1, H400	Calculation method
Aquatic Chronic 1, H410	Calculation method

### Full text of abbreviated H statements

11004	
H301	Toxic if swallowed.
H302	Harmful if swallowed.
H314	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H318	Causes serious eye damage.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H332	Harmful if inhaled.
H361d	Suspected of damaging the unborn child.
H373	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
H400	Very toxic to aquatic life.
H410	Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
H412	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

#### Full text of classifications

# **SECTION 16: Other information**

Acute Tox. 3	ACUTE TOXICITY - Category 3
Acute Tox. 4	ACUTE TOXICITY - Category 4
Aquatic Acute 1	SHORT-TERM (ACUTE) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 1
Aquatic Chronic 1	LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 1
Aquatic Chronic 3	LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 3
Eye Dam. 1	SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 1
Eye Irrit. 2	SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 2
Repr. 2	REPRODUCTIVE TOXICITY - Category 2
Skin Corr. 1B	SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 1B
Skin Corr. 1C	SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 1C
Skin Sens. 1	SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1
Skin Sens. 1B	SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1B
STOT RE 2	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - REPEATED EXPOSURE - Category 2
Date of printing	: 05.04.2024
Date of issue/ Date of	: 05.04.2024
revision	
Date of previous issue	e : 21.04.2023
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### Notice to reader

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