SAFETY DATA SHEET



Jotamastic SF Comp A

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/ undertaking

1.1 Product identifier

Product name : Jotamastic SF Comp A

Product code : 8620 **Product description** : Paint. **Product type** : Liquid.

Other means of : Not available.

identification

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Use in coatings - Industrial use Use in coatings - Professional use

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Jotun Paints (Europe) Ltd. Jotun A/S

P.O.Box 2021 Stather Road

3202 Sandefiord Flixborough, Scunthorpe Norway North Lincolnshire

Tel: +47 33 45 70 00 **DN15 8RR** Fax: +47 33 45 72 42 **England**

E-mail: SDSJotun@jotun.no

Tel: +44 17 24 40 00 00 Fax: +44 17 24 40 01 00

1.4 Emergency telephone number

National advisory body/Poison Centre

Telephone number : Contact NHS Direct; phone 0845 4647 or 111. Open 24/7.

Supplier

Telephone number : +47 33 45 70 00 Jotun Norway (head office)

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Product definition : Mixture Classification according to UK CLP/GHS

Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 Skin Sens. 1, H317

Aquatic Chronic 2, H411

The product is classified as hazardous according to UK CLP Regulation SI 2019/720 as amended.

See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.

See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

2.2 Label elements

Hazard pictograms





Date of issue/Date of revision : 05.04.2024 : 21.04.2023 Version : 1.05 1/17 Date of previous issue

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

Signal word : Warning.

Hazard statements : H315 - Causes skin irritation.

H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction. H319 - Causes serious eye irritation.

H411 - Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statements

General : Not applicable.

Prevention: P280 - Wear protective gloves. Wear eye or face protection.

P273 - Avoid release to the environment.

P261 - Avoid breathing vapour.

Response : P391 - Collect spillage.

P362 + P364 - Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.

P302 + P352 - IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water.

P333 + P313 - If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice or attention. P305 + P351 + P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes.

Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. P337 + P313 - If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice or attention.

Storage : Not applicable.

Disposal : P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional,

national and international regulations.

Supplemental label

elements

EUH205 - Contains epoxy constituents. May produce an allergic reaction.

EUH211 - Warning! Hazardous respirable droplets may be formed when sprayed.

Do not breathe spray or mist.

Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles : Not applicable.

Special packaging requirements

Containers to be fitted with child-resistant

with child-resista

: Not applicable.

fastenings

Tactile warning of danger: Not applicable.

2.3 Other hazards

Product meets the criteria for PBT or vPvB according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII : This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a

vPvB.

Other hazards which do not result in classification

: None known.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.2 Mixtures : Mixture

Product/ingredient name	Identifiers	%	Classification	Type
poxy resin (MW ≤ 700)	REACH #: 01-2119456619-26 EC: 216-823-5 CAS: 1675-54-3 Index: 603-073-00-2	≥10 - ≤25	Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 Skin Sens. 1B, H317 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411	[1]
epoxy-formaldehyde resin (MW<700)	REACH #: 01-2119454392-40 EC: 500-006-8 CAS: 9003-36-5	≥10 - ≤25	Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Skin Sens. 1A, H317 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411	[1]
oxirane, mono[(c12-14-alkyloxy) methyl]derivs	REACH #: 01-2119485289-22	≤10	Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Skin Sens. 1B, H317	[1]

Date of issue/Date of revision : 05.04.2024 Date of previous issue : 21.04.2023 Version : 1.05 2/17

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

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titanium dioxide	EC: 271-846-8 CAS: 68609-97-2 REACH #: 01-2119489379-17 EC: 236-675-5	≤10	Carc. 2, H351 (inhalation)	[1] [*]
benzyl alcohol	CAS: 13463-67-7 Index: 022-006-00-2 REACH #: 01-2119492630-38 EC: 202-859-9	≤5	Acute Tox. 4, H302 Acute Tox. 4, H332 Eye Irrit. 2, H319	[1]
hydrocarbons, c9-unsatd., polymd.	CAS: 100-51-6 Index: 603-057-00-5 REACH #: 01-2119555292-40 EC: 701-299-7	≤5	Skin Sens. 1, H317 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412	[1]
phenol, methylstyrenated	CAS: 71302-83-5 REACH #: 01-2119555274-38 EC: 700-960-7 CAS: 68512-30-1	≤3	Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Skin Sens. 1, H317 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412	[1]
Phenol, styrenated	REACH #: 02-2119629611-43 EC: 262-975-0 CAS: 61788-44-1	≤3	Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Skin Sens. 1, H317 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411	[1]
complex mixture of diamid waxes	REACH #: 01-0000017860-69 EC: 432-430-3	≤3	Aquatic Chronic 4, H413	[1]
			See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.	

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment, are PBTs, vPvBs or Substances of equivalent concern, or have been assigned a workplace exposure limit and hence require reporting in this section.

Type

Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard

[*] The classification as a carcinogen by inhalation applies only to mixtures placed on the market in powder form containing 1% or more of titanium dioxide particles with aerodynamic diameter ≤ 10 μm not bound within a matrix. Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures

Eye contact

: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention.

Inhalation

: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Skin contact

: Wash with plenty of soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. In the event of any complaints or symptoms, avoid further exposure. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.

Date of issue/Date of revision : 05.04.2024 Date of previous issue : 21.04.2023 Version : 1.05 3/17

SECTION 4: First aid measures

Ingestion

: Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Protection of first-aiders

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

Eye contact: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain or irritation watering redness

Inhalation : No specific data.

Skin contact: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

irritation redness

Ingestion : No specific data.

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes to physician : Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large

quantities have been ingested or inhaled.

Specific treatments: No specific treatment.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing

media

: Recommended: alcohol-resistant foam, CO₂, powders, water spray.

Unsuitable extinguishing

media

: Do not use water jet.

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Hazards from the substance or mixture

: In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst. This material is toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being

discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.

Hazardous combustion products

: Decomposition products may include the following materials:

carbon dioxide carbon monoxide sulfur oxides

halogenated compounds metal oxide/oxides

5.3 Advice for firefighters

Special protective actions for fire-fighters

: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.

Date of issue/Date of revision : 05.04.2024 Date of previous issue : 21.04.2023 Version : 1.05 4/17

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

For emergency responders: If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

6.2 Environmental precautions

: Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities. Collect spillage.

6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Small spill

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

Large spill

Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilt product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

6.4 Reference to other sections

: See Section 1 for emergency contact information. See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment. See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures

: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not ingest. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Avoid release to the environment. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

Advice on general occupational hygiene Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Date of issue/Date of revision : 05.04.2024 : 21.04.2023 Version : 1.05 Date of previous issue

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

Seveso Directive - Reporting thresholds

Danger criteria

	Notification and MAPP threshold	Safety report threshold
E2	200 tonne	500 tonne

See Technical Data Sheet / packaging for further information.

7.3 Specific end use(s)

Recommendations : Not available.

Industrial sector specific : Not available.

solutions

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1 Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

No exposure limit value known.

Biological exposure indices

No exposure indices known.

Recommended monitoring procedures

Reference should be made to appropriate monitoring standards. Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.

DNELs/DMELs

Product/ingredient name	Type	Exposure	Value	Population	Effects
poxy resin (MW ≤ 700)	DNEL	Long term Dermal	89.3 µg/kg	General	Systemic
			bw/day	population	
	DNEL	Long term Oral	0.5 mg/kg	General	Systemic
			bw/day	population	
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	0.75 mg/	Workers	Systemic
	5		kg bw/day		
	DNEL	Long term	0.87 mg/m ³		Systemic
	DAIE	Inhalation	4.00	population	0
	DNEL	Long term	4.93 mg/m ³	Workers	Systemic
	DMEI	Inhalation	0.2/2	\\/ = w < = w=	1 1
epoxy-formaldehyde resin	DMEL	Short term Dermal	8.3 µg/cm ²	Workers	Local
(MW<700)	DNEL	Long term Oral	6.25 mg/	General	Systemic
	DIVLL	Long term Oral	kg bw/day	population	Systernic
	DNEL	Long term	8.7 mg/m ³	General	Systemic
	DIVLE	Inhalation	0.7 1119/111	population	Cysternio
	DNEL	Long term	29.39 mg/	Workers	Systemic
		Inhalation	m³		
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	62.5 mg/	General	Systemic
			kg bw/day	population	
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	104.15 mg/	Workers	Systemic
			kg bw/day		
oxirane, mono[(c12-14-alkyloxy)	DNEL	Long term Oral	0.5 mg/kg	General	Systemic
methyl]derivs			bw/day	population	
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	0.5 mg/kg	General	Systemic
			bw/day	population	
	DNEL	Long term	0.87 mg/m ³	General	Systemic
		Inhalation		population	
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Date of issue/Date of revision : 05.04.2024 Date of previous issue : 21.04.2023 Version : 1.05 6/13

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

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	DNEL	Long term Dermal	1 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	3.6 mg/m ³	Workers	Systemic
titanium dioxide	DNEL	Long term	28 μg/m³	General	Local
	DNEL	Inhalation Long term	170 μg/m³	population Workers	Local
benzyl alcohol	DNEL	Inhalation Long term Oral	4 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	4 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	5.4 mg/m ³	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	8 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Oral	20 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Dermal	20 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	22 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	27 mg/m³	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Dermal	40 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	110 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic
hydrocarbons, c9-unsatd., polymd.	DNEL	Long term Dermal	3.5 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	1.41 mg/m³		Systemic
phenol, methylstyrenated	DNEL	Long term Dermal	16.4 mg/ kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	57 mg/m³	General population [Consumers]	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	8 mg/kg bw/day	General population [Consumers]	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	28 mg/m³	General population [Consumers]	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Oral	4 mg/kg bw/day	General population [Consumers]	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Oral	0.2 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	0.348 mg/ m ³	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	1.41 mg/m³		Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	1.67 mg/ kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	3.5 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
Phenol, styrenated	DNEL	Long term Oral	0.75 mg/ kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	0.75 mg/ kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	1.31 mg/m³	population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	2.1 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
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Date of issue/Date of revision : 05.04.2024 Date of previous issue : 21.04.2023 Version : 1.05 7/17

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

DNEL Long term 7.4 mg/m³ Workers Systemic

PNECs

Product/ingredient name	Compartment Detail	Value	Method Detail
poxy resin (MW ≤ 700)	Fresh water	0.006 mg/l	-
	Marine	0.0006 mg/l	-
	Sewage Treatment Plant	10 mg/l	-
	Fresh water sediment	0.996 mg/l	-
	Marine water sediment	0.0996 mg/l	-
	Soil	0.196 mg/l	-
benzyl alcohol	Fresh water	1 mg/l	-
	Marine	0.1 mg/l	-
	Sewage Treatment Plant	39 mg/l	-
	Fresh water sediment	5.27 mg/kg dwt	-
	Marine water sediment	0.527 mg/kg dwt	-
	Soil	0.456 mg/kg dwt	-
hydrocarbons, c9-unsatd., polymd.	Fresh water	54 µg/l	-
	Marine	5.4 µg/l	-
	Sewage Treatment Plant	2.2 mg/l	-
	Fresh water sediment	1584 mg/kg dwt	-
	Marine water sediment	158 mg/kg dwt	-
	Soil	316.7 mg/kg dwt	-
	Secondary Poisoning	200 mg/kg	-
phenol, methylstyrenated	Fresh water	14 µg/l	-
	Marine	1.4 µg/l	-
	Sewage Treatment Plant	2.4 mg/l	-
	Fresh water sediment	52.9 mg/kg dwt	-
	Marine water sediment	5.3 mg/kg dwt	-
	Soil	10.5 mg/kg dwt	-

8.2 Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls

: Good general ventilation should be sufficient to control worker exposure to airborne contaminants.

Individual protection measures

Hygiene measures

: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Eye/face protection

: Safety eyewear complying to ISO 16321-1:2022 should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles.

Skin protection

Hand protection

There is no one glove material or combination of materials that will give unlimited resistance to any individual or combination of chemicals.

The breakthrough time must be greater than the end use time of the product.

The instructions and information provided by the glove manufacturer on use, storage, maintenance and replacement must be followed.

Gloves should be replaced regularly and if there is any sign of damage to the glove material.

Always ensure that gloves are free from defects and that they are stored and used correctly.

The performance or effectiveness of the glove may be reduced by physical/chemical damage and poor maintenance.

Date of issue/Date of revision : 05.04.2024 Date of previous issue : 21.04.2023 Version : 1.05 8/17

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

Barrier creams may help to protect the exposed areas of the skin but should not be applied once exposure has occurred.

Gloves

Wear suitable gloves tested to ISO 374-1:2016.

May be used, gloves(breakthrough time) 4 - 8 hours: polyvinyl alcohol (PVA) (> 0.3 mm), PVC (> 0.5 mm) Recommended, gloves(breakthrough time) > 8 hours: fluor rubber (> 0.35 mm), neoprene (> 0.35 mm), Viton® (> 0.7 mm), 4H/Silver Shield® (> 0.07 mm), nitrile rubber (> 0.75 mm), butyl rubber (> 0.4 mm)

For right choice of glove materials, with focus on chemical resistance and time of penetration, seek advice by the supplier of chemical resistant gloves.

The user must check that the final choice of type of glove selected for handling this product is the most appropriate and takes into account the particular conditions of use, as included in the user's risk assessment.

Body protection

: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Other skin protection

: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Respiratory protection

: If workers are exposed to concentrations above the exposure limit, they must use a respirator according to EN 140. Use respiratory mask with charcoal and dust filter when spraying this product, according to EN 14387 (as filter combination A2-P2). In confined spaces, use compressed-air or fresh-air respiratory equipment. When use of roller or brush, consider use of charcoalfilter.

Environmental exposure controls

: Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Physical state : Liquid.

Colour : Grey, Off-white., Red

Odour : Characteristic. **Odour threshold** : Not applicable. Melting point/freezing point : Not applicable.

Initial boiling point and

: Lowest known value: 205.3°C (401.5°F) (benzyl alcohol). Weighted average:

boiling range

276.65°C (530°F)

Flammability : Not applicable. Upper/lower flammability or : 1.3 - 13%

explosive limits

Flash point

: Closed cup: Not applicable.

Auto-ignition temperature : Not applicable. **Decomposition temperature** : Not available. pН : Not applicable.

Kinematic (40°C): >20.5 mm²/s **Viscosity**

Solubility(ies)

Media	Result
old water	Not soluble
hot water	Not soluble

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/: Not available.

water

: Highest known value: 0.08 kPa (0.6 mm Hg) (at 20°C) (epoxy-formaldehyde Vapour pressure resin (MW<700)). Weighted average: 0.03 kPa (0.23 mm Hg) (at 20°C)

: 05.04.2024 Version : 1.05 Date of issue/Date of revision Date of previous issue : 21.04.2023 9/17

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

: 0.007 (benzyl alcohol) compared with butyl acetate **Evaporation rate**

Density 1.69 to 1.709 g/cm³

: Highest known value: 11.7 (Air = 1) (epoxy resin (MW ≤ 700)). Weighted Vapour density

average: 10.26 (Air = 1)

Explosive properties : Not available. **Oxidising properties** Not available.

Particle characteristics

Median particle size : Not applicable.

9.2 Other information

No additional information.

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity : No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

10.2 Chemical stability : Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions (see Section 7).

10.3 Possibility of : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur. hazardous reactions

10.4 Conditions to avoid : When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products.

10.5 Incompatible materials : Keep away from the following materials to prevent strong exothermic reactions:

oxidising agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.

Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon monoxide, 10.6 Hazardous decomposition products carbon dioxide, smoke, oxides of nitrogen.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
poxy resin (MW ≤ 700)	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	20 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Mouse	15600 mg/kg	=
oxirane, mono[LD50 Oral	Rat	17100 mg/kg	-
(c12-14-alkyloxy)methyl]				
derivs				
benzyl alcohol	LD50 Oral	Rat	1230 mg/kg	-
hydrocarbons,	LD50 Dermal	Rat	2000 mg/kg	-
C9-unsaturated,				
polymerized				
	LD50 Oral	Rat	2000 mg/kg	-
Phenol, styrenated	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5010 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	2500 mg/kg	-

Acute toxicity estimates

Product/ingredient name	Oral (mg/ kg)	Dermal (mg/kg)	Inhalation (gases) (ppm)	Inhalation (vapours) (mg/l)	Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/l)
		N/A	N/A	314.3	N/A
oxirane, mono[(c12-14-alkyloxy)methyl]derivs		N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
benzyl alcohol	1230	N/A	N/A	11	N/A
Phenol, styrenated	2500	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

Irritation/Corrosion

Date of issue/Date of revision : 05.04.2024 : 21.04.2023 Version : 1.05 10/17 Date of previous issue

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
poxy resin (MW ≤ 700)	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 2 milligrams	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	500 milligrams	-
epoxy-formaldehyde resin (MW<700)	Skin - Mild irritant	Mammal - species unspecified	-	-	-
oxirane, mono[(c12-14-alkyloxy)methyl]derivs	Skin - Mild irritant	Mammal - species unspecified	-	-	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 μl	-
titanium dioxide	Skin - Mild irritant	Human	-	72 hours	-
benzyl alcohol	Eyes - Mild irritant	Mammal - species unspecified	-	-	-
phenol, methylstyrenated	Skin - Mild irritant	Mammal - species unspecified	-	-	-
Phenol, styrenated	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	0.1 Mililiters	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Mammal - species unspecified	-	-	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	0.5 Mililiters	-

Sensitisation

Product/ingredient name	Route of exposure	Species	Result
poxy resin (MW ≤ 700)	skin	Mammal - species unspecified	Sensitising
epoxy-formaldehyde resin (MW<700)	skin	Mammal - species unspecified	Sensitising
oxirane, mono[(c12-14-alkyloxy)methyl] derivs	skin	Mammal - species unspecified	Sensitising
hydrocarbons, C9-unsaturated, polymerized	skin	Mouse	Sensitising
phenol, methylstyrenated	skin	Mammal - species unspecified	Sensitising
Phenol, styrenated	skin	Mammal - species unspecified	Sensitising

Mutagenicity

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Carcinogenicity

It has been observed that the carcinogenic hazard of this product arises when respirable dust is inhaled in quantities leading to significant impairment of particle clearance mechanisms in the lung.

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Reproductive toxicity

Developmental effects
 No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Fertility effects
 No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Teratogenicity

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Not available.

Date of issue/Date of revision : 05.04.2024 Date of previous issue : 21.04.2023 Version : 1.05 11/17

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

Aspiration hazard

Not available.

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact : Causes serious eye irritation.

Inhalation : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Skin contact: Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Ingestion : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Eye contact : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain or irritation watering redness

Inhalation : No specific data.

Skin contact: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

irritation redness

Ingestion : No specific data.

General : Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed

to very low levels.

Other information : None identified.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses.

The mixture has been assessed following the summation method of the CLP Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 and is classified for eco-toxicological properties accordingly. See Sections 2 and 3 for details.

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
poxy resin (MW ≤ 700)	Acute EC50 1.4 mg/l	Daphnia	48 hours
	Acute LC50 3.1 mg/l	Fish - pimephales promelas	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 0.3 mg/l	Fish	21 days
epoxy-formaldehyde resin (MW<700)	Acute EC50 2 mg/l	Daphnia	24 hours
·	Acute LC50 2 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
titanium dioxide	Acute LC50 3 mg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - Water flea - Ceriodaphnia dubia - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute LC50 6.5 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Water flea - Daphnia pulex - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute LC50 >1000000 μg/l Marine water	Fish - Mummichog - Fundulus heteroclitus	96 hours
Phenol, styrenated	Acute EC50 100 mg/l	Algae	72 hours
•	Acute EC50 54 mg/l	Daphnia	48 hours
	Acute LC50 25.8 mg/l	Fish	96 hours

Conclusion/Summary

: Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities. This material is toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

12.2 Persistence and degradability

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
poxy resin (MW ≤ 700) epoxy-formaldehyde resin (MW<700)	-		Not readily Not readily
benzyl alcohol	-	-	Readily

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Date of issue/Date of revision : 05.04.2024 Date of previous issue : 21.04.2023 Version : 1.05 12/17

SECTION 12: Ecological information

Product/ingredient name	LogP _{ow}	BCF	Potential
poxy resin (MW ≤ 700) epoxy-formaldehyde resin (MW<700)	2.64 to 3.78 2.7	31	low low
oxirane, mono[(c12-14-alkyloxy)methyl] derivs	3.77	160 to 263	low
benzyl alcohol hydrocarbons, C9-unsaturated, polymerized	0.87 3.627	<100 -	low low
phenol, methylstyrenated	3.627	-	low

12.4 Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)

: Not available.

Mobility : Not available.

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.

12.6 Other adverse effects: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Product

Methods of disposal

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction.

Hazardous waste

Waste catalogue

: Yes.

Waste code	Waste designation
08 01 11*	Waste paint and varnish containing organic solvents or other dangerous substances

Packaging

Methods of disposal

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.

Type of packaging	Waste catalogue	
CEPE Guidelines	15 01 10*	packaging containing residues of or contaminated by hazardous substances

Special precautions

: This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Date of issue/Date of revision : 05.04.2024 Date of previous issue : 21.04.2023 Version : 1.05 13/17

SECTION 14: Transport information

	ADR/RID	ADN	IMDG	IATA
14.1 UN number	UN3082	UN3082	UN3082	UN3082
14.2 UN proper shipping name	Environmentally hazardous substance, liquid, n.o.s. (epoxy resin (MW ≤ 700), epoxy-formaldehyde resin (MW<700))	Environmentally hazardous substance, liquid, n.o.s. (epoxy resin (MW ≤ 700), epoxy-formaldehyde resin (MW<700))	Environmentally hazardous substance, liquid, n.o.s. (epoxy resin (MW ≤ 700), epoxy-formaldehyde resin (MW<700)). Marine pollutant (epoxy resin (MW ≤ 700), epoxy-formaldehyde resin (MW<700))	Environmentally hazardous substance, liquid, n.o.s. (epoxy resin (MW ≤ 700), epoxy-formaldehyde resin (MW<700))
14.3 Transport hazard class(es)	9	9	9	9
14.4 Packing group	III	III	III	III
14.5 Environmental hazards	Yes.	Yes.	Yes.	Yes.

Additional information

ADR/RID

: This product is not regulated as a dangerous good when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg, provided the packagings meet the general provisions of 4.1.1.1, 4.1.1.2 and 4.1.1.4 to 4.1.1.8.

Hazard identification number 90

Tunnel code (-)

ADN

: This product is not regulated as a dangerous good when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg, provided the packagings meet the general provisions of 4.1.1.1, 4.1.1.2 and 4.1.1.4 to 4.1.1.8.

IMDG

This product is not regulated as a dangerous good when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg, provided the packagings meet the general provisions of 4.1.1.1, 4.1.1.2 and 4.1.1.4 to 4.1.1.8.

Emergency schedules F-A, S-F

IATA

: This product is not regulated as a dangerous good when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg, provided the packagings meet the general provisions of 5.0.2.4.1, 5.0.2.6.1.1 and 5.0.2.8.

user

14.6 Special precautions for : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

14.7 Transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

: Not available.

Date of issue/Date of revision : 05.04.2024 : 21.04.2023 Version : 1.05 Date of previous issue 14/17

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture **UK (GB)/REACH**

Annex XIV - List of substances subject to authorisation

Annex XIV

None of the components are listed.

Substances of very high concern

Intrinsic property	Ingredient name		Reference number	Date of revision
<mark>v</mark> P∨B	oligomerisation and alkylation reaction products of 2-phenylpropene and phenol	Recommended	D(2023) 8585-DC	23.01.2024

Ozone depleting substances

Not listed.

Prior Informed Consent (PIC)

Not listed.

Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

Annex XVII - Restrictions : Not applicable.

on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles

Seveso Directive

This product is controlled under the Seveso Directive.

Danger criteria

<u> </u>
Category
Category
• •

E2

EU regulations

Industrial emissions : Not listed

(integrated pollution prevention and control) -Air

Industrial emissions : Not listed

(integrated pollution prevention and control) -

Water

International regulations

Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals

Not listed.

Montreal Protocol

Not listed.

Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC)

UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals

Not listed.

Date of issue/Date of revision : 05.04.2024 : 21.04.2023 Version: 1.05 15/17 Date of previous issue

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.2 Chemical safety assessment

This product contains substances for which Chemical Safety Assessments are still required.

SECTION 16: Other information

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Abbreviations and acronyms

: ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate

GB CLP = UK CLP (EC No 1272/2008) on the Classification, Labelling and

Packaging of Substances and Mixtures as amended by (EU Exit) Regulations 2019

No. 720 and amendments

DMEL = Derived Minimal Effect Level
DNEL = Derived No Effect Level

EUH statement = GB CLP-specific Hazard statement

N/A = Not available

PBT = Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentration RRN = REACH Registration Number

SGG = Segregation Group

vPvB = Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

Procedure used to derive the classification

Classification	Justification
Skin Irrit. 2, H315	Calculation method
Eye Irrit. 2, H319	Calculation method
Skin Sens. 1, H317	Calculation method
Aquatic Chronic 2, H411	Calculation method

Full text of abbreviated H statements

H302	Harmful if swallowed.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H332	Harmful if inhaled.
H351	Suspected of causing cancer.
H411	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
H412	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
H413	May cause long lasting harmful effects to aquatic life.

Full text of classifications

Acute Tox. 4	ACUTE TOXICITY - Category 4
Aquatic Chronic 2	LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 2
Aquatic Chronic 3	LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 3
Aquatic Chronic 4	LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 4
Carc. 2	CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2
Eye Irrit. 2	SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 2
Skin Irrit. 2	SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2
Skin Sens. 1	SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1
Skin Sens. 1A	SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1A
Skin Sens. 1B	SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1B

Date of printing : 05.04.2024 Date of issue/ Date of : 05.04.2024

revision

Date of previous issue : 21.04.2023 Version : 1.05

Notice to reader

Date of issue/Date of revision : 05.04.2024 Date of previous issue : 21.04.2023 Version : 1.05 16/17

Conforms to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), Annex II, as amended by UK REACH Regulation SI 2019/758

Jotamastic SF Comp A

SECTION 16: Other information

The information in this document is given to the best of Jotun's knowledge, based on laboratory testing and practical experience. Jotun's products are considered as semi-finished goods and as such, products are often used under conditions beyond Jotun's control. Jotun cannot guarantee anything but the quality of the product itself. Minor product variations may be implemented in order to comply with local requirements. Jotun reserves the right to change the given data without further notice.

Date of issue/Date of revision : 05.04.2024 Date of previous issue : 21.04.2023 Version : 1.05 17/17