# **SAFETY DATA SHEET**



# Hardtop Optima Alu Comp A

# SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1 Product identifier

Product name : Hardtop Optima Alu Comp A

Product code : 14760
Product description : Paint.
Product type : Liquid.

Other means of : Not available.

identification

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Use in coatings - Industrial use
Use in coatings - Professional use

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Jotun A/S Jotun Paints (Europe) Ltd.

P.O.Box 2021 Stather Road

3202 Sandefjord Flixborough, Scunthorpe Norway North Lincolnshire

Tel: + 47 33 45 70 00 DN15 8RR Fax: +47 33 45 72 42 England

E-mail: SDSJotun@jotun.no

Tel: +44 17 24 40 00 00 Fax: +44 17 24 40 01 00

1.4 Emergency telephone number

National advisory body/Poison Centre

Telephone number : Contact NHS Direct; phone 0845 4647 or 111. Open 24/7.

**Supplier** 

Telephone number : +47 33 45 70 00 Jotun Norway (head office)

# **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

## 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Product definition : Mixture

Classification according to UK CLP/GHS

Fam. Liq. 3, H226 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Skin Sens. 1, H317

The product is classified as hazardous according to UK CLP Regulation SI 2019/720 as amended.

See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.

See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

### 2.2 Label elements

Hazard pictograms :







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# SECTION 2: Hazards identification

Signal word : Danger.

**Hazard statements** H226 - Flammable liquid and vapour.

H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction.

H318 - Causes serious eye damage.

**Precautionary statements** 

General : Not applicable.

**Prevention** P280 - Wear protective gloves. Wear eye or face protection.

P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition

sources. No smoking.

P261 - Avoid breathing vapour.

Response : P362 + P364 - Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.

P302 + P352 - IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water.

P333 + P313 - If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice or attention. P305 + P351 + P338, P310 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor.

**Storage** : Not applicable.

**Disposal** P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional,

national and international regulations.

Supplemental label elements

: EUH205 - Contains epoxy constituents. May produce an allergic reaction.

**Annex XVII - Restrictions** on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles

: Not applicable.

Special packaging requirements

Containers to be fitted

with child-resistant

fastenings

: Not applicable.

Tactile warning of danger : Not applicable.

2.3 Other hazards

Product meets the criteria for PBT or vPvB according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII

: This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a

Other hazards which do not result in classification : None known.

# SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

#### 3.2 Mixtures : Mixture

Product/ingredient name	Identifiers	%	Classification	Type
vylene	REACH #: 01-2119488216-32 EC: 215-535-7 CAS: 1330-20-7 Index: 601-022-00-9	≤8.7	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Acute Tox. 4, H312 Acute Tox. 4, H332 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 STOT SE 3, H335 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412	[1] [2]
silane, trimethyoxy[3-(oxiranyl-methoxy)propyl]-	REACH #: 01-2119513212-58 EC: 219-784-2 CAS: 2530-83-8	≤5	Eye Dam. 1, H318 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412	[1]

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# **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

ethylbenzene	REACH #:	≤3	Flam. Liq. 2, H225	[1] [2]
,	01-2119489370-35		Acute Tox. 4, H332	[.,][-]
	EC: 202-849-4		STOT RE 2, H373	
	CAS: 100-41-4		(hearing organs)	
	Index: 601-023-00-4		Asp. Tox. 1, H304	
			Aquatic Chronic 3,	
			H412	
hydrocarbons, C10-C13, n-	REACH #:	≤3	Asp. Tox. 1, H304	[1]
alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, < 2%	01-2119457273-39		EUH066	
aromatics	EC: 265-150-3			
	CAS: -			
4,4'-Isopropylidenedicyclohexanol,	REACH #:	≤1.8	Skin Sens. 1, H317	[1]
oligomeric reaction products with	01-2119959495-22		Aquatic Chronic 3,	
1-chloro-2,3-epoxypropane	EC: 500-070-7		H412	
	CAS: 30583-72-3			
butan-1-ol	REACH #:	≤1.2	Flam. Liq. 3, H226	[1] [2]
	01-2119484630-38		Acute Tox. 4, H302	
	EC: 200-751-6		Skin Irrit. 2, H315	
	CAS: 71-36-3		Eye Dam. 1, H318	
	Index: 603-004-00-6		STOT SE 3, H335	
			STOT SE 3, H336	
			See Section 16 for	
			the full text of the H	
			statements declared	
			above.	

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment, are PBTs, vPvBs or Substances of equivalent concern, or have been assigned a workplace exposure limit and hence require reporting in this section.

### **Type**

- [1] Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard
- [2] Substance with a workplace exposure limit

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

# **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

# 4.1 Description of first aid measures

### **Eye contact**

: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician.

#### Inhalation

: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.

#### Skin contact

: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash with plenty of soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. In the event of any complaints or symptoms, avoid further exposure. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.

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# **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

### Ingestion

: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

### **Protection of first-aiders**

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

# 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

There are no data available on the mixture itself. The mixture has been assessed following the conventional method of the CLP Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 and is classified for toxicological properties accordingly. See Sections 2 and 3 for details.

Exposure to component solvent vapour concentrations in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effects such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effects on the kidneys, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and, in extreme cases, loss of consciousness.

Solvents may cause some of the above effects by absorption through the skin. Repeated or prolonged contact with the mixture may cause removal of natural fat from the skin, resulting in non-allergic contact dermatitis and absorption through the skin.

If splashed in the eyes, the liquid may cause irritation and reversible damage.

Ingestion may cause nausea, diarrhea and vomiting.

This takes into account, where known, delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects of components from short-term and long-term exposure by oral, inhalation and dermal routes of exposure and eye contact.

Based on the properties of the epoxy constituent(s) and considering toxicological data on similar mixtures, this mixture may be a skin sensitiser and an irritant. It contains low molecular weight epoxy constituents which are irritating to eyes, mucous membrane and skin. Repeated skin contact may lead to irritation and to sensitisation, possibly with cross-sensitisation to other epoxies. Skin contact with the mixture and exposure to spray mist and vapour should be avoided.

Contains 4,4'-Isopropylidenedicyclohexanol, oligomeric reaction products with 1-chloro-2,3-epoxypropane. May produce an allergic reaction.

# Over-exposure signs/symptoms

**Eye contact**: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain watering redness

**Inhalation** : No specific data.

**Skin contact**: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain or irritation

redness

blistering may occur

**Ingestion** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

stomach pains

# 4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes to physician : In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed.

The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.

**Specific treatments**: No specific treatment.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

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# **SECTION 5: Firefighting measures**

## 5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media

: Recommended: alcohol-resistant foam, CO2, powders, water spray.

**Unsuitable extinguishing** media

: Do not use water jet.

# 5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

**Hazards from the** substance or mixture : Mammable liquid and vapour. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion.

**Hazardous combustion** products

: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide

carbon monoxide

halogenated compounds

carbonyl halides metal oxide/oxides

### 5.3 Advice for firefighters

**Special protective actions** for fire-fighters

: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.

**Special protective** equipment for fire-fighters Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure

# SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

### 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel

No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Do not breathe vapour or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

For emergency responders: If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

# 6.2 Environmental precautions

: Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

### 6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

**Small spill** 

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

Large spill

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with noncombustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilt product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

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# **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

# 6.4 Reference to other sections

: See Section 1 for emergency contact information.

See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment.

See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.

# **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

#### 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

#### **Protective measures**

: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapour or mist. Do not ingest. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

# Advice on general occupational hygiene

: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

# 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidising materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

#### **Seveso Directive - Reporting thresholds**

# **Danger criteria**

	Notification and MAPP threshold	Safety report threshold
P5c	5000 tonne	50000 tonne

See Technical Data Sheet / packaging for further information.

#### 7.3 Specific end use(s)

Recommendations : Not available.

Industrial sector specific : Not available.

solutions

# **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

## 8.1 Control parameters

**Occupational exposure limits** 

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# **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

Product/ingredient name	Exposure limit values
xylene	EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020). [xylene, o-,m-, p- or mixed isomers] Absorbed through skin.
	STEL: 441 mg/m³ 15 minutes. STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes.
	TWA: 220 mg/m³ 8 hours.
othydb on zon o	TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
ethylbenzene	EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020). Absorbed through skin.
	STEL: 552 mg/m³ 15 minutes.
	STEL: 125 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.
	TWA: 441 mg/m³ 8 hours.
butan-1-ol	EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020). Absorbed
	through skin. STEL: 154 mg/m³ 15 minutes.
	STEL: 134 flight 13 fillitutes. STEL: 50 ppm 15 minutes.

# **Biological exposure indices**

Product/ingredient name	Exposure indices
	EH40/2005 BMGVs (United Kingdom (UK), 8/2018) [Xylene, o-, m-, p- or mixed isomers]  BGV: 650 mmol/mol creatinine, methyl hippuric acid [in urine].  Sampling time: post shift.

Recommended monitoring procedures

: Reference should be made to appropriate monitoring standards. Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.

### **DNELs/DMELs**

Product/ingredient name	Type	Exposure	Value	Population	Effects
xylene	DNEL	Long term Oral	5 mg/kg	General	Systemic
			bw/day	population	
	DNEL	Long term	65.3 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	General	Local
		Inhalation	J	population	
	DNEL	Long term	65.3 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	General	Systemic
		Inhalation	J	population	
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	125 mg/kg	General	Systemic
			bw/day	population	1
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	212 mg/kg	Workers	Systemic
			bw/day		-,
	DNEL	Long term	221 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Local
		Inhalation			
	DNEL	Long term	221 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Systemic
		Inhalation	g,		
	DNEL	Short term	260 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	General	Local
		Inhalation		population	
	DNEL	Short term	260 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	General	Systemic
		Inhalation	_00g/	population	
	DNEL	Short term	442 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Local
		Inhalation			1 - 3 - 3 - 3 - 3 - 3 - 3 - 3 - 3 - 3 -
	DNEL	Short term	442 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Systemic
		Inhalation			
silane, trimethyoxy[3-(oxiranyl-	DNEL	Long term Oral	5 mg/kg	General	Systemic
nethoxy)propyl]-	5.122	Long tom Oran	bw/day	population	Cycloniic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	5 mg/kg	General	Systemic
	5.122	Long tom Bonnar	bw/day	population	Cycloniic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	10 mg/kg	Workers	Systemic
	DIVEE	Long tom Domia	bw/day	WOINOIG	Cyclonno
	DNEL	Long term	17 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	General	Systemic
		Inhalation	g/	population	2,01011110
	DNEL	Long term	70.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Systemic
	DIVL	Long tolli	7 3.3 1119/111	VVOIROIS	Cystollio

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# **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

ECTION 6. Exposure con	o.o. p		-		
		Inhalation			
	DNEL	Short term	26400 mg/	General	Systemic
		Inhalation	m³	population	_
ethylbenzene	DMEL	Long term	442 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Local
<b>,</b>		Inhalation			
	DMEL	Short term	884 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic
	DIVILL	Inhalation	Joo- mg/m	VVOINGIS	Cysternic
	DNEL		1.6 ma/ka	General	Systemic
	DINEL	Long term Oral	1.6 mg/kg		Systemic
	DNE	Long torm	bw/day	population	Cyatamia
	DNEL	Long term	15 mg/m³	General	Systemic
	ם אובי	Inhalation	77	population	0
	DNEL	Long term	77 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic
		Inhalation			l
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	180 mg/kg	Workers	Systemic
			bw/day		
	DNEL	Short term	293 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Local
		Inhalation			
4,4'-Isopropylidenedicyclohexanol,	DNEL	Short term Dermal	21 µg/cm²	General	Local
oligomeric reaction products with				population	
1-chloro-2,3-epoxypropane					
,- 1 -3kk	DNEL	Long term Dermal	21 µg/cm²	General	Local
				population	
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	21 µg/cm²	Workers	Local
	DNEL	Short term Dermal	0.23 mg/	Workers	Local
	DIVLL	CHOIL CHIII DEIIIIAI	cm <sup>2</sup>	VVOINGIS	Local
	DNE	Long torm Oral		Conoral	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Oral	0.5 mg/kg	General	Systemic
	DAIE	Charttama Dama	bw/day	population	Cuatara:a
	DNEL	Short term Dermal	0.5 mg/kg	General	Systemic
	D		bw/day	population	0
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	0.5 mg/kg	General	Systemic
	<b> </b>	0	bw/day	population	
	DNEL	Short term Dermal	1 mg/kg	Workers	Systemic
			bw/day		
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	1 mg/kg	Workers	Systemic
			bw/day		
	DNEL	Short term	1.76 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	General	Systemic
		Inhalation		population	
	DNEL	Long term	1.76 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	General	Systemic
		Inhalation		population	
	DNEL	Long term	3.25 mg/m <sup>3</sup>		Systemic
		Inhalation			•
	DNEL	Short term	3.52 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Systemic
		Inhalation		· <del>-</del>	,
butan-1-ol	DNEL	Long term Oral	1.5625 mg/	General	Systemic
Data i oi	DIVEL	Long tom Oral	kg bw/day	population	Cyclonic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	3.125 mg/	General	Systemic
	DIVLL	Long term Dermai	kg bw/day	population	Cystoffilo
	DNEI	Long torm			Systemic
	DNEL	Long term	55.357 mg/	General	Systemic
	DNIE	Inhalation	m <sup>3</sup>	population	l and
	DNEL	Long term	155 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	General	Local
	D	Inhalation	0.40 ' ^	population	ļ
	DNEL	Long term	310 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Local
		Inhalation			
	DNEL	Inhalation	310 mg/m³	vvorkers	Locai

**PNECs** 

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# **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

Product/ingredient name	Compartment Detail	Value	Method Detail
kylene	Fresh water	0.327 mg/l	-
	Marine	0.327 mg/l	-
	Sewage Treatment	6.58 mg/l	-
	Plant		
	Fresh water sediment	12.46 mg/kg dwt	-
	Marine water sediment	12.46 mg/kg dwt	-
	Soil	2.31 mg/kg dwt	-
ethylbenzene	Fresh water	0.1 mg/l	-
	Marine	0.01 mg/l	-
	Sewage Treatment Plant	9.6 mg/l	-
	Fresh water sediment	13.7 mg/kg dwt	-
	Soil	2.68 mg/kg dwt	-
	Secondary Poisoning	20 mg/kg	-
butan-1-ol	Fresh water	0.082 mg/l	-
	Marine	0.0082 mg/l	-
	Sewage Treatment	2476 mg/l	-
	Plant		
	Fresh water sediment	0.178 mg/kg dwt	-
	Marine water sediment	0.0178 mg/kg dwt	-
	Soil	0.015 mg/kg dwt	-

#### 8.2 Exposure controls

# Appropriate engineering controls

: Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapour or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

#### **Individual protection measures**

## **Hygiene measures**

: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

# **Eye/face protection**

Safety eyewear complying to ISO 16321-1:2022 should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles and/or face shield. If inhalation hazards exist, a full-face respirator may be required instead.

#### Skin protection

### **Hand protection**

There is no one glove material or combination of materials that will give unlimited resistance to any individual or combination of chemicals.

The breakthrough time must be greater than the end use time of the product.

The instructions and information provided by the glove manufacturer on use, storage, maintenance and replacement must be followed.

Gloves should be replaced regularly and if there is any sign of damage to the glove material.

Always ensure that gloves are free from defects and that they are stored and used correctly.

The performance or effectiveness of the glove may be reduced by physical/chemical damage and poor maintenance.

Barrier creams may help to protect the exposed areas of the skin but should not be applied once exposure has occurred.

#### **Gloves**

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# SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

Mear suitable gloves tested to ISO 374-1:2016.

May be used, gloves(breakthrough time) 4 - 8 hours: neoprene (> 0.35 mm), butyl rubber (> 0.4 mm), PVC (> 0.5 mm)

Recommended, gloves(breakthrough time) > 8 hours: Viton® (> 0.7 mm), nitrile rubber (> 0.75 mm), 4H/Silver Shield® (> 0.07 mm), Teflon (> 0.35 mm), polyvinyl alcohol (PVA) (> 0.3 mm)

For right choice of glove materials, with focus on chemical resistance and time of penetration, seek advice by the supplier of chemical resistant gloves.

The user must check that the final choice of type of glove selected for handling this product is the most appropriate and takes into account the particular conditions of use, as included in the user's risk assessment.

**Body protection** 

: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.

Other skin protection

Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

**Respiratory protection** 

: If workers are exposed to concentrations above the exposure limit, they must use a respirator according to EN 140. Use respiratory mask with charcoal and dust filter when spraying this product, according to EN 14387 (as filter combination A2-P2). In confined spaces, use compressed-air or fresh-air respiratory equipment. When use of roller or brush, consider use of charcoalfilter.

**Environmental exposure** controls

: Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses.

# SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

### 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

**Appearance** 

**Physical state** : Liquid. Colour Aluminium Odour Characteristic. **Odour threshold** : Not applicable. Melting point/freezing point : Not applicable.

Initial boiling point and

boiling range

: Lowest known value: 119°C (246.2°F) (butan-1-ol). Weighted average:

140.36°C (284.6°F)

**Flammability** Upper/lower flammability or

explosive limits

: Not applicable. : 0.43 - 11.3%

Not available.

: Closed cup: 28°C (82.4°F) Flash point

**Auto-ignition temperature** 

: Lowest known value: 280 to 470°C (536 to 878°F) (hydrocarbons, C10-C13, n-

alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, < 2% aromatics).

**Decomposition temperature** 

Ha : Not applicable.

Kinematic (40°C): >20.5 mm<sup>2</sup>/s **Viscosity** 

Solubility(ies)

Media	Result
old water	Not soluble
hot water	Not soluble

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/ : Not available.

water

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# **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

Vapour pressure : Highest known value: 1.2 kPa (9.3 mm Hg) (at 20°C) (ethylbenzene). Weighted

average: 0.6 kPa (4.5 mm Hg) (at 20°C)

**Evaporation rate** : Highest known value: 0.84 (ethylbenzene) Weighted average: 0.75compared

with butyl acetate

**Density** : 1.2 g/cm<sup>3</sup>

**Vapour density** : Highest known value: 3.7 (Air = 1) (xylene). Weighted average: 3.6 (Air = 1)

Explosive properties : Not available.

Oxidising properties : Not available.

**Particle characteristics** 

Median particle size : Not applicable.

#### 9.2 Other information

10.3 Possibility of

hazardous reactions

No additional information.

# **SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity**

10.1 Reactivity : No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

**10.2 Chemical stability** : Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions (see Section 7).

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

10.4 Conditions to avoid : When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products.

**10.5 Incompatible materials** : Keep away from the following materials to prevent strong exothermic reactions: oxidising agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.

**10.6 Hazardous** : Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, smoke, oxides of nitrogen.

In contact with water, the product hydrolyses; during curing, releases Methanol. If the product is contaminated with water during production, transportation or storage, this may effect both flashpoint and hazard potential.

# **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

## 11.1 Information on toxicological effects

There are no data available on the mixture itself. The mixture has been assessed following the conventional method of the CLP Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 and is classified for toxicological properties accordingly. See Sections 2 and 3 for details.

Exposure to component solvent vapour concentrations in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effects such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effects on the kidneys, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and, in extreme cases, loss of consciousness.

Solvents may cause some of the above effects by absorption through the skin. Repeated or prolonged contact with the mixture may cause removal of natural fat from the skin, resulting in non-allergic contact dermatitis and absorption through the skin.

If splashed in the eyes, the liquid may cause irritation and reversible damage.

Ingestion may cause nausea, diarrhea and vomiting.

This takes into account, where known, delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects of components from short-term and long-term exposure by oral, inhalation and dermal routes of exposure and eye contact.

Based on the properties of the epoxy constituent(s) and considering toxicological data on similar mixtures, this mixture may be a skin sensitiser and an irritant. It contains low molecular weight epoxy constituents which are irritating to eyes, mucous membrane and skin. Repeated skin contact may lead to irritation and to sensitisation, possibly with cross-sensitisation to other epoxies. Skin contact with the mixture and exposure to spray mist and vapour should be avoided.

Contains 4,4'-Isopropylidenedicyclohexanol, oligomeric reaction products with 1-chloro-2,3-epoxypropane. May produce an allergic reaction.

**Acute toxicity** 

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# **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
<b>x</b> ylene	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	11 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Oral	Rat	4300 mg/kg	-
	TDLo Dermal	Rabbit	4300 mg/kg	-
ethylbenzene	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat - Male	11 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	3500 mg/kg	-
butan-1-ol	LD50 Oral	Rat	790 mg/kg	-

# **Acute toxicity estimates**

Product/ingredient name	Oral (mg/ kg)	Dermal (mg/kg)	Inhalation (gases) (ppm)	Inhalation (vapours) (mg/l)	Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/l)
Fardtop Optima Alu Comp A	44886.7	13735.2	N/A	103.0	N/A
xylene	4300	1100	N/A	11	N/A
ethylbenzene	3500	N/A	N/A	11	N/A
butan-1-ol	500	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

# **Irritation/Corrosion**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
kylene	Eyes - Mild irritant Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit Rat	-	87 milligrams 8 hours 60 microliters	-
silane, trimethyoxy[3- (oxiranyl-methoxy)propyl]-	Eyes - Irritant	Mammal - species unspecified	-	-	-

# **Sensitisation**

Product/ingredient name	Route of exposure	Species	Result
Isopropylidenedicyclohexanol, oligomeric reaction products with 1-chloro-2,3-epoxypropane	skin	Mammal - species unspecified	Sensitising

# **Mutagenicity**

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

# **Carcinogenicity**

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

# **Reproductive toxicity**

Developmental effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Fertility effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

# **Teratogenicity**

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

# Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
xylene	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
butan-1-ol	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
	Category 3		Narcotic effects

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

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# **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
ethylbenzene	Category 2	-	hearing organs

### **Aspiration hazard**

Product/ingredient name	Result
kylene ethylbenzene hydrocarbons, C10-C13, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, < 2% aromatics	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

### Potential acute health effects

**Eye contact** : Causes serious eye damage.

**Inhalation** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Skin contact**: May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Ingestion : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

**Eye contact**: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain watering redness

Inhalation : No specific data.

**Skin contact**: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain or irritation

redness

blistering may occur

**Ingestion** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

stomach pains

General : Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed

to very low levels.

Other information : None identified.

# **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

#### 12.1 Toxicity

There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses.

The mixture has been assessed following the summation method of the CLP Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 and is not classified as hazardous to the environment, but contains substance(s) hazardous to the environment. See section 3 for details.

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
kylene	Acute LC50 8500 μg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Daggerblade grass shrimp - Palaemonetes pugio	48 hours
	Acute LC50 13400 μg/l Fresh water	Fish - Fathead minnow - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
ethylbenzene	Acute EC50 7700 μg/l Marine water	Algae - Diatom - Skeletonema costatum	96 hours
	Acute EC50 2.93 mg/l Acute LC50 4.2 mg/l	Daphnia Fish	48 hours 96 hours

**Conclusion/Summary**: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

12.2 Persistence and degradability

**Conclusion/Summary**: Not available.

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# **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
kylene silane, trimethyoxy[3-	-		Readily Not readily
(oxiranyl-methoxy)propyl]- ethylbenzene	-	-	Readily

### 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
<b>x</b> ylene		8.1 to 25.9	low
ethylbenzene	3.6	-	low
hydrocarbons, C10-C13, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics,	-	10 to 2500	high
< 2% aromatics			
butan-1-ol	1	-	low

### 12.4 Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)

: Not available.

Mobility : Not available.

#### 12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.

**12.6 Other adverse effects** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

# **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

#### 13.1 Waste treatment methods

#### **Product**

**Methods of disposal** 

The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction.

**Hazardous waste** 

Yes.

#### Waste catalogue

Waste code	Waste designation
08 01 11*	Waste paint and varnish containing organic solvents or other dangerous substances

## **Packaging**

**Methods of disposal** 

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.

Type of packaging		Waste catalogue
CEPE Guidelines	15 01 10*	packaging containing residues of or contaminated by hazardous substances

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# SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

Special precautions

This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapour from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

# **SECTION 14: Transport information**

	ADR/RID	ADN	IMDG	IATA
14.1 UN number	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263
14.2 UN proper shipping name	Paint	Paint	Paint	Paint
14.3 Transport hazard class(es)	3	3	3	3
14.4 Packing group	III	III	III	III
14.5 Environmental hazards	No.	Yes.	No.	No.

#### **Additional information**

ADR/RID

: Hazard identification number 30

Tunnel code (D/E)

ADR/RID: Viscous substance. Not goods of class 3, ref. 2.2.3.1.5 (only applicable to receptacles < 450 litre capacity).

transported in tank vessels. **IMDG** : Emergency schedules F-E, S-E

MDG: Viscous substance. Transport in accordance with 2.3.2.5 of the IMDG Code

The product is only regulated as an environmentally hazardous substance when

(only applicable to receptacles < 450 litre capacity).

user

**ADN** 

14.6 Special precautions for : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in

the event of an accident or spillage.

14.7 Transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

: Not available.

# SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture **UK (GB)/REACH** 

Annex XIV - List of substances subject to authorisation

**Annex XIV** 

None of the components are listed.

Substances of very high concern

None of the components are listed.

Ozone depleting substances

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# **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

Not listed.

## **Prior Informed Consent (PIC)**

Not listed.

### **Persistent Organic Pollutants**

Not listed.

Annex XVII - Restrictions : Not applicable.

on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles

#### **Seveso Directive**

This product is controlled under the Seveso Directive.

## **Danger criteria**

### Category

P<sub>5</sub>c

#### **EU regulations**

Industrial emissions : Listed

(integrated pollution prevention and control) -

**Air** 

Industrial emissions : Listed

(integrated pollution prevention and control) -

Water

# **International regulations**

#### Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals

Not listed.

# **Montreal Protocol**

Not listed.

# **Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants**

Not listed.

# **Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC)**

Not listed.

# **UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals**

Not listed.

15.2 Chemical safety

assessment

 This product contains substances for which Chemical Safety Assessments are still required.

# **SECTION 16: Other information**

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Abbreviations and acronyms

: ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate

GB CLP = UK CLP (EC No 1272/2008) on the Classification, Labelling and

Packaging of Substances and Mixtures as amended by (EU Exit) Regulations 2019

No. 720 and amendments

DMEL = Derived Minimal Effect Level
DNEL = Derived No Effect Level

EUH statement = GB CLP-specific Hazard statement

N/A = Not available

PBT = Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic

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# **SECTION 16: Other information**

PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentration RRN = REACH Registration Number

SGG = Segregation Group

vPvB = Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

### Procedure used to derive the classification

Classification	Justification
Fam. Liq. 3, H226 Eye Dam. 1, H318	On basis of test data Calculation method
Skin Sens. 1, H317	Calculation method

### Full text of abbreviated H statements

<b>⊮</b> 225	Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
H226	Flammable liquid and vapour.
H302	Harmful if swallowed.
H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
H312	Harmful in contact with skin.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H318	Causes serious eye damage.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H332	Harmful if inhaled.
H335	May cause respiratory irritation.
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
H373	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
H412	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
EUH066	Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

### **Full text of classifications**

ACUTE TOXICITY - Category 4
LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 3
ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 1
SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 2
FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2
FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3
SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2
SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1
SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - REPEATED EXPOSURE - Category 2
SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - SINGLE EXPOSURE - Category 3

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## **Notice to reader**

The information in this document is given to the best of Jotun's knowledge, based on laboratory testing and practical experience. Jotun's products are considered as semi-finished goods and as such, products are often used under conditions beyond Jotun's control. Jotun cannot guarantee anything but the quality of the product itself. Minor product variations may be implemented in order to comply with local requirements. Jotun reserves the right to change the given data without further notice.

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